

CASE III AGRICULTURE CRYSTAL BROOK SA 5523 Ph: (08) 8636 2772 Fax: (08) 8636 2776 CAPITAL

Hart Beat

Hart Field Site Group Inc. www.hartfieldsite.org.au

September 2009 Issue 4

MAIN HART FIELD DAY

Tuesday, September 15th 2009 10am start



Preparing for the main field day

More trials and speakers for the main field day

- Hay making and carting equipment Ashmore engineering, Jim Maitland and Peter McEwin
- Barley varieties & agronomy Martin Lovegrove, SARDI and Sam Holmes, Holmes Farm Consulting
- Getting the best out of new durum varieties -Tony Rathjen, University of Adelaide and Leighton Wilksch, Landmark
- Canola varieties Tony Craddock, Rural Directions
- Pulse agronomy Wayne Hawthorne, Pulse Australia and Mick Lines, SARDI
- Oat varieties and hay production Pamela Zwer, SARDI and Jeff Braun, Agrilink Agricultural Consultants
- Controlling wild oats Ben Fleet, University of Adelaide and Grant Roberts, consultant and farmer
- Soil water retention granules John Stepancic, **Biocentral laboratories**
- Phosphorus fertiliser trial Greg Butler, SANTFA and Josh Hollit, Rural Directions
- Zone management & crop scanners Sam Trengove, SPAA & Kym l'anson, farmer
- Water use efficiency & soil moisture Victor Sadras & Chris Lawson, SARDI
- Pre-emergent herbicides & fenceline weed control - Chris Preston, University of Adelaide
- Wheat agronomy Mick Faulkner, Agrilink Agricultural Consultants and Glenn McDonald, University of Adelaide

SPRING TWILIGHT WALK

Thursday, October 15th 2009

4pm start

At the Hart site on the Blyth—Brinkworth Road

FREE ENTRY

Also featuring Guest Speaker **Justin Sherrard**

General Manager of Rabobank Food & Agribusiness Research and Advisory for Australia and New Zealand

Carbon and climate change in the food and agribusiness sector

BBQ and drinks supplied

Woolworths (

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Proud Supporters of Hart







Hart Site information as of 8th September 2009

Soil type: sandy clay loam **PAWC**: 201mm Average annual rainfall: 400mm Average GSR (Apr to Oct): 305mm

The season so far

Rain to date: 220mm GSR to date: 211mm (26mm since last report) **GSR decile:** 4 Maximum temp since sowing: 26.7°C Minimum temp since sowing: -1.2°C Average temp accumulation per day: 12.7°C Current predicted soil N status: 57kg/ha Current predicted PAW: 8mm Current push probe depth: 44cm

Grain & hay yield predictions

Yield prophet estimate: (Date of report 09/09/2009)

These estimates are based on a 50% probability

Yield t/ha	Sown 18 th May (see graph)	Change from last report Sown 5 th May		Change from last report
Grain	2.4	-0.2	2.8	-0.5
Hay	5.0	-0.3	5.4	0.0

French & Schultz grain yield estimate:

100% WUE: 3.2t/ha, 80% WUE: 2.5t/ha

This model assumes that there is 110mm of evaporation and decile 5 (58mm) rainfall for the remainder of the growing season.

Condowie Site information as of 8th September 2009

0.0

Soil type: sandy loam **PAWC**: 127mm Average annual rainfall: 349mm Average GSR (Apr to Oct): 252mm

The season so far

Rain to date: 202mm GSR to date: 193mm (29mm since last report) GSR decile: 5 Maximum temp since sowing: 29.3°C Minimum temp since sowing: -1.2°C Average temp accumulation per day: 12.6°C Current predicted soil N status: 170kg/ha Current predicted PAW: 5mm Current push probe depth: n.a.

Grain & hay yield predictions

Yield prophet estimate: (Date of report 09/092009)

These estimates are based on a 50% probability					
Yield t/ha	Sown 30 th April (see graph)	Change from last report	Sown 15 th May	Change from last report	
Grain	2.6	0.0	2.0	0.0	

0.0

4.3

French & Schultz grain yield estimate:

44

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100% WUE: 2.7t/ha, 80% WUE: 2.2t/ha This model assumes that there is 110mm of evaporation and decile 5 (52mm) rainfall for the remainder of the growing season.

Pre-sowing soil nitrogen and water

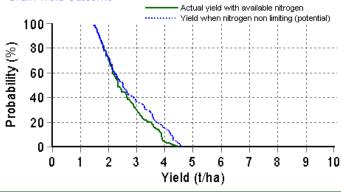
(measured 2nd April) Soil N prior to sowing (0-90cm): 94kg/ha Plant available water at sowing (0-90cm): 0mm

Crop growth

Variety: Gladius Sowing date: 18th May Nitrogen fertiliser at sowing: 30kgN/ha Plant density: 162 plants per square metre Current growth stage: head fully emerged (GS59) Predicted date of mid flowering: 22nd September

This graph shows the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.

Grain Yield Outcome



Pre-sowing soil nitrogen and water

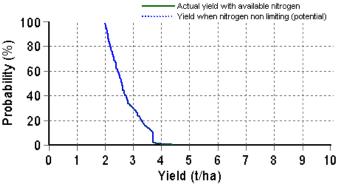
(measured 27th March) Soil N prior to sowing (0-90cm): 244kg/ha Plant available water at sowing (0-90cm): 0mm

Crop growth

Variety: Gladius Sowing date: 30th April Nitrogen fertiliser at sowing: 20kgN/ha Plant density: 162 plants per square metre Current growth stage: end of flowering (GS69) Predicted date of mid dough fill: 19th September

The graph below shows the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.

Grain Yield Outcome



Spalding Site information as of 8th September 2009

Soil type: red brown earth PAWC: 150mm Average annual rainfall: 434mm Average GSR (Apr to Oct): 322mm

The season so far

Rain to date: 282mm GSR to date: 262mm (35mm since last report) GSR decile: 6 Maximum temp since sowing: 24.9°C Minimum temp since sowing: -1.9°C Average temp accumulation per day: 11.4°C Current predicted soil N status: 29kg/ha Current predicted PAW: 50mm Current push probe depth: 52cm

Grain & hay yield predictions

Yield prophet estimate: (Date of report 09/09/2009)

These estimates are based on a 50% probability					
Yield t/ha	Sown 9 th May (see graph)	Change from last report 15 th May		Change from last report	
Grain	4.7	0.0	4.7	+0.1	
Hay	7.7	-0.1	8.0	-0.2	

French & Schultz grain yield estimate:

100% WUE: 4.4t/ha, 80% WUE: 3.6t/ha

This model assumes that there is 110mm of evaporation and decile 5 (70mm) rainfall for the remainder of the growing season.

Tarlee Site information as of 8th September 2009

Soil type: clay loam over rock PAWC: 122mm Average annual rainfall: 469mm Average GSR (Apr to Oct): 350mm

The season so far

Rain to date: 341mm GSR to date: 321mm (60mm since last report) GSR decile: 7 Maximum temp since sowing: 24.9°C Minimum temp since sowing: 0.6°C Average temp accumulation per day: 11.7°C Current predicted soil N status: 28kg/ha Current predicted PAW: 100mm Current push probe depth: 66cm

Grain & hay yield predictions

Yield prophet estimate: (Date of report 09/09/2009)

These estimates are based on a 50% probability

Yield t/ha	Sown 1 st June (see graph)	Change from last report	Sown 10 th May	Change from last report
Grain	5.4	+0.6	5.0	0.0
Hay	7.6	+0.4	6.0	-0.1

French & Schultz grain yield estimate:

100% WUE: 5.8t/ha, 80% WUE: 4.6t/ha

This model assumes that there is 110mm of evaporation and decile 5 (81mm) rainfall for the remainder of the growing season.

Pre-sowing soil nitrogen and water

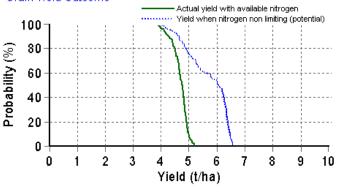
(measured 2nd April) Soil N prior to sowing (0-90cm): 107kg/ha Plant available water at sowing (0-90cm): 0mm

Crop growth

Variety: Gladius Sowing date: 9th May Nitrogen fertiliser at sowing: 40kgN/ha Plant density: 182 plants per square metre Current growth stage: 70% of head emerged (GS57) Predicted date of mid flowering: 15th September

The graph below shows the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.

Grain Yield Outcome



Pre-sowing soil nitrogen and water

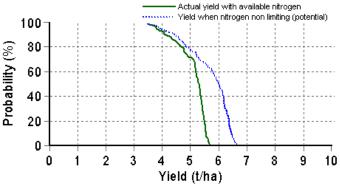
(measured 27th March) Soil N prior to sowing (0-70cm): 143kg/ha Plant available water at sowing (0-90cm): 7mm

Crop growth

Variety: Gladius Sowing date: 1st June Nitrogen fertiliser at sowing: 50kgN/ha Plant density: 142 plants per square metre Current growth stage: flag fully emerged (GS39) Predicted date of mid flowering: 27th September

The graph below shows the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.

Grain Yield Outcome



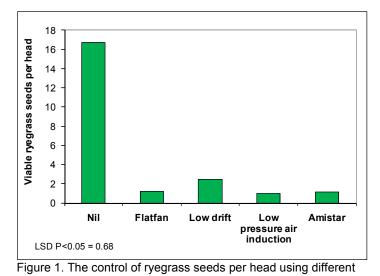
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Crop topping pulses & pastures for control of ryegrass seed set

Trials at Hart in 2007 showed that low pressure air induction nozzles had the same efficacy as flat fans for controlling ryegrass seed set (Figure 1). This was using paraquat at 800ml/ha in 80L/ha of water. The ryegrass heads were at the soft dough stage.

Spraying pressures were 4.5 bar for the air induction nozzles and 3 bar for the others. All nozzle sizes were 110° 025 to produce fine (flat fan or amistar), medium (low drift) or medium/coarse (low pressure air induction) droplet sizes.





Hart field site 5th September 2009 Photo, John Heap SARDI

droplet sizes, at Hart in 2007.

Table 1. Rainfall and soil water characteristics for the WUE sites.

Average annual rainfall (mm)	Soil type	Drained upper limit (mm to 150cm)	Crop lower limit (mm to 150cm)	Plant Available Water Capacity (mm)
350	Sandy loam	376	249	127
400	Sandy clay loam	683	482	201
430	Red brown earth	469	319	150
470	Clay loam over rock	383*	263*	120*
	rainfall (mm) 350 400 430	rainfall (mm)Soil type350Sandy loam400Sandy clay loam430Red brown earth	rainfall (mm)Soil typeDrained upper limit (mm to 150cm)350Sandy loam376400Sandy clay loam683430Red brown earth469	rainfall (mm)Soil typeDrained upper limit (mm to 150cm)Crop lower limit (mm to 150cm)350Sandy loam376249400Sandy clay loam683482430Red brown earth469319

*depth to 125cm

Hart field site contact information

Sponsorship enquiries

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