HART BEAT

CASE

5th October 2016

ISSUE 40

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IN THIS ISSUE

Definitions

Site information

Hart Beat site reports

- Hart
- Spalding
- Condowie
- <u>Kybunga</u> •
- Farrell Flat
- **Pinery** •
- Eudunda •
- <u>Tarlee</u> •



PO Box 939 CLARE SA 5453

0427 423 154 admin@hartfieldsite.org.au



HART BEAT

Yield Prophet[®] simulations for 8 sites across the mid-north of SA

The Yield Prophet[®] simulations featured are not a crystal ball, but provide a realistic prediction of the available soil water and nitrogen status of your crop



HART EVENTS

Spring Twilight Walk – 18th October 2016 Getting The Crop In – March 2017

Definitions

Hart Beat definitions

Each site has been characterised for plant available water capacity (PAWC) and bulk density to determine how much of the measured water and nitrogen is available to the crop during the season.

Drained upper limit (DUL) – is the amount of water that a saturated soil holds after it has drained.

Crop lower limit (CLL) – is the amount of water remaining in the soil after crop senescence.

Plant available water capacity (PAWC) – is the difference between the drained upper limit of the soil and the lower extraction limit of a crop over the depth of rooting. It is the maximum water available to a crop from a particular soil type.

Plant available water (PAW) – is the amount of water contained in the soil at a given time minus the crop lower limit.

Bulk density (BD) – is a measure of the weight of dry soil per unit volume of soil.

Growing season rainfall (GSR) – is rainfall for the period between and including April to October.

Decile – is a measure of seasonal rainfall on a scale of 1 to 9. In a decile 7 year, 70% of previous years were dryer, in a decile 3 year 30% of previous years were dryer.

Yield probability curves - display two different nitrogen scenarios for each site. The **green line** displays the actual grain yield with the current soil available nitrogen. The **blue line** represents the grain yield potential with unlimited nitrogen (yield potential). A small difference between these two lines indicates the current soil N level is adequate for the crop to reach its yield potential. Conversely, a large difference between these two lines indicates additional N fertiliser is required for the crop to reach its yield potential.

The **French & Schultz** formula estimates the rainfall limited grain yield based on the growing season rainfall (GSR). It assumes evaporation of 110mm, includes stored water at sowing (30% of Jan to Mar rainfall) and a maximum grain yield potential of 20 kg/mm/ha.

Yield Potential = GSR (Apr-Oct) – Evaporation (110mm) * 20 kg/mm/ha.

Yield Prophet® has been very accurate throughout Australia, over the past 5 seasons. At the Hart field site the <u>Yield Prophet®</u> prediction on the 15th September, using an average finish, has been only 16% above the final grain yield, averaged over the past 4 years, making wheat growth models such as APSIM highly valuable.

Yield Prophet[®] is an internet based service which uses the APSIM wheat prediction model.

The model relies on accurate soil, crop, historical climate data and up to date local weather information to predict plant growth rates and final hay or grain yields. These are critical measurements specific to the site being analysed and may not fit closely to individual situations. Instead the predictions will give a realistic guide to seasonal prospects based on a site with similar rainfall and / or soil type.

Using climate data for the current season, Yield *Prophet*[®] simulates the soil water and nitrogen processes in the paddock, and crop growth. Yield *Prophet*[®] calculates the amount of water and nitrogen available to the crop and the water and nitrogen demand of the crop.

Disclaimer: *Yield Prophet*[®] information is used entirely at your own risk. You will accept all risks and responsibility for losses, damages, costs and other consequences of using *Yield Prophet*[®] information and reports. To the maximum extent permitted by law, APSRU and BCG excludes all responsibility and liability to any person arising directly or indirectly from using the information generated by *Yield Prophet*[®].

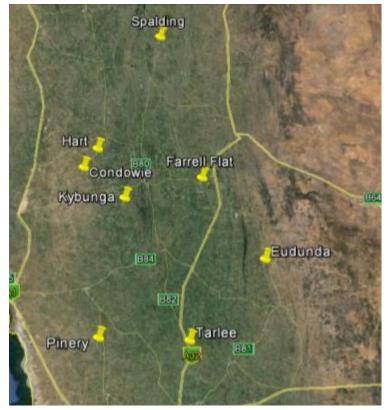
Important Notice: *Yield Prophet*[®] does not generate recommendations or advice, it is only a guide and must be combined with local paddock and district knowledge. APSIM does not take into account weed competition, pest/disease pressure, pesticide / herbicide damage, farmer error, or extreme events (such as extreme weather, flood and fire). For more information about APSIM or *Yield Prophet*[®] please visit or www.yieldprophet.com.au.

Site information

Rainfall and soil water characteristics for all sites

Site	Average annual rainfall (mm)	annual Soil type Water Capacity Depth (mm) (cm)		Plant Available Water at 15 April (mm)	Pre-sowing soil nitrogen (kg/ha)	
Hart	400	Sandy clay loam	206	150	18	105
Spalding	430	Red brown earth	143	150	29	106
Condowie	350	Sandy loam	115	150	4	78
Kybunga	428	Clay loam	262	120	5	106
Farrell Flat	474	Light clay loam	172	120	52	103
Pinery	374	Silty clay loam	79	150	16	98
Eudunda	445 Gravelly loam		96	100	5	98
Tarlee	474 Sandy loam		113	150	50	91

2016 site locations





SANDY CLAY LOAM

Crop growth

Variety: Mace wheat

Sowing date:

ng date: 1st May

Nitrogen fertiliser:

40 kg N/ha at seeding + 30 kg N/ha 4th Jul

The season so far Annual rain to date: GSR to date:

Current predicted PAW:

403 mm 341 mm (144 mm since last report) 112 mm (55% *full)*

Grain yield predictions (Yield Prophet)

Yield prophet estimate:(Date of report 05/10/2016)These estimates are based on a 50% probability

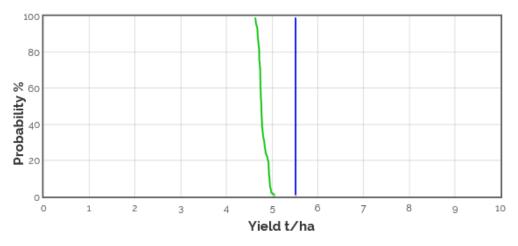
Yield t/ha	Sown 1 st May (see graph)	Change since last report	Sown 20 th May	Change since last report
Grain	5.1	+0.4	5.5	+1.3

GSR decile: 7 **PAWC:** 206 mm

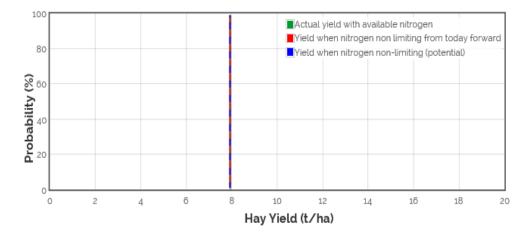
French & Schultz grain yield estimate:

100% WUE:	5.5 t/ha
80% WUE:	4.4 t/ha
This model assumes that th	ere is 19 mm stored moisture,

110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (24 mm) for the rest of the season.



The graphs above and below show the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.



SPALDING

RED BROWN EARTH

40 kg N/ha at seeding + 30 kg N/ha 4th Jul

Crop growth Variety: Mace wheat

The season so farAnnual rain to date:489 mmGSR to date:384 mm (162 mm since last report)Current predicted PAW:143 mm (100% full)

Sowing date:

1st May

(Date of report 05/10/2016)

Grain yield predictions (Yield Prophet)

Yield prophet estimate:

These estimates are based on a 50% probability

Yield t/ha	Sown 1 st May (see graph)	Change since last report	Sown 20 th May	Change since last report
Grain	5.6	+0.3	6.2	+1.6

French & Schultz grain yield estimate:

100%	WUE:		(6.6 t/h	a	
80%	WUE:		;	5.3 t/h	a	
 						6

This model assumes that there is 32 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (26 mm) for the rest of the season.

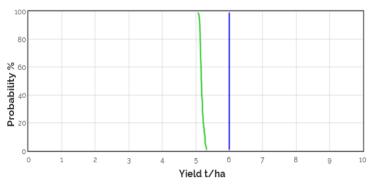
PAWC: 143 mm

Nitrogen fertiliser:

GSR decile:



9



This graph shows the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.

climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.

CONDOWIE

									S	AN	DY	Ĺ	DAI	N
Crop growtl Variety: M	h Iace wheat	Sowing da	ate: 1st I	May Nitro	ogen ferti	liser:	40 k	g N/h	a at se	eeding	g + 30	kg N/ł	na 4 th J	ul
The season Annual rain to GSR to date: Current predi	o date:	412 mm 332 mm 81 mm (2	e last report)	GSR de PAWC:		10 5 mm								
Grain yield	prediction	s (Yield Pro	ohet)		Grain	yield	outco	ome g	graph	1				
Yield prophet	t estimate:	(Date o	f report 05/1	10/2016)	100				1					
These estimate	s are based o	n a 50% probab	ility											
Yield t/ha	Sown 1 st May (see graph)	Change since last report	Sown 20 th May	Change since last report	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00									
Grain	4.8	+0.9	4.9	+1.9	obal									
French & Sch	ultz grain yi	eld estimate:			č 20									
	WUE:		5.3 t/ha		oل	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
8 <u>0%</u>	WUE:		4.3 t/ha					-		Yield t/	'ha			-
		ere is 24 mm sto infall (21 mm) fo		-	This graph weather, s			-		5		•	5,	5

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KYBUNGA

CLAY LOAM

40 kg N/ha at seeding + 30 kg N/ha 4th Jul

Crop growth

Annual rain to date:

Current predicted PAW:

GSR to date:

Variety: Mace wheat Sowing date: The season so far

576 mm

(Date of report 05/10/2016)

202 mm (77% full)

478 mm (165 mm since last report)

1st May

GSR decile: 10 PAWC: 262 mm

Nitrogen fertiliser:

Grain yield predictions (Yield Prophet)

Yield prophet estimate:

These estimates are based on a 50% probability

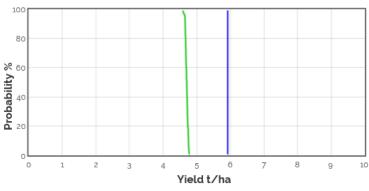
Yield t/ha	Sown 1 st May (see graph)	Change since last report	Sown 20 th May	Change since last report
Grain	5.4	0.0	5.9	+0.3

French & Schultz grain yield estimate:

100% WUE:	8.6 t/ha
80% WUE:	6.9 t/ha
-	

This model assumes that there is 29 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (31 mm) for the rest of the season.

Grain yield outcome graph

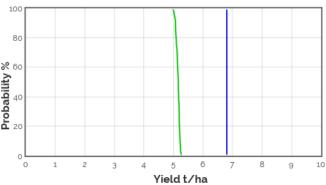


This graph shows the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.

FARRELL FLAT

					LIGHT CLAY LOAM
Crop gro Variety:	wth Mace wheat	Sowing date	: 1st May	Nitrogen fertiliser:	40 kg N/ha at seeding + 30 kg N/ha 4 th Jul
Annual rai GSR to dat Current pr	te: edicted PAW:	172 mm (<i>10</i>	2 .	PAWC:	172 mm
Grain yie	Id prediction	ns (Yield Proph	-	-	d outcome graph
• •	het estimate:		port 05/10/201	<i>6)</i> 100	
These estim		on a 50% probabilit	/		
Yield t/ha	Sown 1 st May (see graph)	since last	Sown ^{oth} May rep	alast _{% 60}	
Grain	6.0	0.0	6.6 +0	0.4 Apa	
		ield estimate:		č 20	
10	00% WUE:		8.7 t/ha	0 1	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
8	0% WUE:		6.9 t/ha		Yield t/ha

This model assumes that there is 33 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (31 mm) for the rest of the season.



This graph shows the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.



SILTY CLAY LOAM

Crop growth Variety: Mace wheat

Yield prophet estimate:

Sowing date: 1st May

Nitrogen fertiliser:

40 kg N/ha at seeding + 30 kg N/ha 4th Jul

The season so farAnnual rain to date:412 mmGSR to date:313 mm (79 mm since last report)Current predicted PAW:43 mm (54% full)

Grain yield predictions (Yield Prophet)

(Date of report 05/10/2016)

These estimates are based on a 50% probability

Yield t/ha	Sown 1 st May (see graph)	Change since last report	Sown 20 th May	Change since last report
Grain	4.3	+0.1	4.3	+0.6

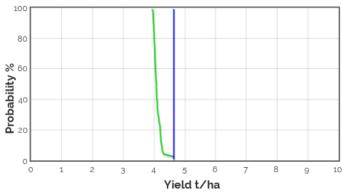
French & Schultz grain yield estimate:

100% WUE:	5.2 t/ha
80% WUE:	4.1 t/ha

This model assumes that there is 30 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (25 mm) for the rest of the season.

GSR decile: 7 PAWC: 79 mm

Grain yield outcome graph



This graph shows the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.

EUDUNDA

								C	RA			vi		л пл	
								G	N A				-0/		
Crop gro	wth														
Variety:	Mace wheat	Sowing of	date: 1st	May Nit	rogen fe	rtiliser	: 4	0 kg N/	/ha at	seed	ing + 3	0 kg	N/ha 4	4 th Jul	
The seas	on so far														
Annual rai	in to date:														
GSR to da	te:	413 mm	n (163 mm si	nce last repor	t) G	iSR deo	cile:	9							
Current p	redicted PAW	: 96 mm	(100% full)		Р	AWC:	96	mm							
Grain vie	eld predictio	ns (Yield Pro	ophet)		Gra	in yie	ld ou	tcome	aran	h					
	het estimate:	-	of report 05/	(10/2016)	100				5						
				10/2010/	100					1					
These estin		on a 50% proba	bility	F	80					_		-	_		
Yield	Sown 1 st May	Change	Sown	Change											
t/ha	(see	since last	20 th May	since last	× 60										
u na	graph)	report		report	o ilit										
Grain	6.2	+1.4	6.3	+2.4	60 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 -										
					Å 20							-			
French & S	Schultz grain y	ield estimate	•												
1(00% WUE:		7.3 t/h	a	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
80% WUE: 5.8 t/ha							Y	ield t	/ha						
This model	This model assumes that there is 33 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of					ph sho	ws the	chance	of read	ching	the co	respo	nding	yield g	iven
evaporatio	n and Decile 5 r	ainfall (27 mm) j	for the rest of	the season.	weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical										
					climate	data (1	.00yrs)	to simu	ılate re	main	der of t	the sea	ason.		



Crop growth

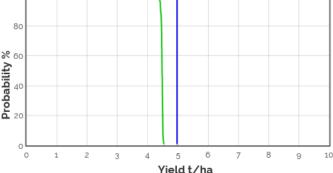
SANDY LOAM

Variety:	Mace wheat	Sowing date	e: 1st M	/lay Nit	rogen fertiliser:	40 kg N/ha at seeding + 30 kg N/ha 4 th Jul	
The seas	son so far						
Annual ra	in to date:	661 mm					
GSR to da	ite:	547 mm (177 mm since last report) GSR decile: 10					
Current predicted PAW:		113 mm (<i>100% full</i>)			PAWC: 113	mm	
Grain yie	eld prediction	s (Yield Proph	net)		Grain yield	d outcome graph	
Yield prophet estimate:		(Date of report 05/10/2016)		100			
These estin	mates are based o	on a 50% probabilit	ty				
Yield	Sown 1 st May	einco laet	Sown	Change since last	80 80		
t/ha	(see graph)	report 2	0 th May	report	000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00		
Grain	4.8	-0.1	5.3	+0.1	apal		
French Q	Schultz grain vi				P 20		

French & Schultz grain yield estimate:

100% WUE:	10.1 t/ha
80% WUE:	8.1 t/ha
This model assumes that there is 24	mm stored maisture 110 mm of

This model assumes that there is 34 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (35 mm) for the rest of the season.



This graph shows the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions and agronomic inputs to date, and historical climate data (100yrs) to simulate remainder of the season.

Hart Field Day 2016

