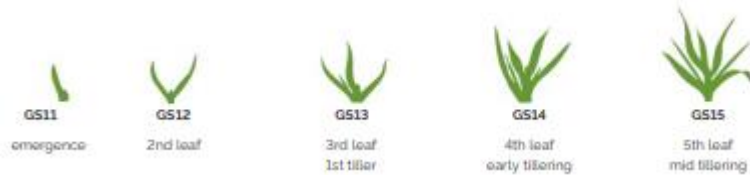
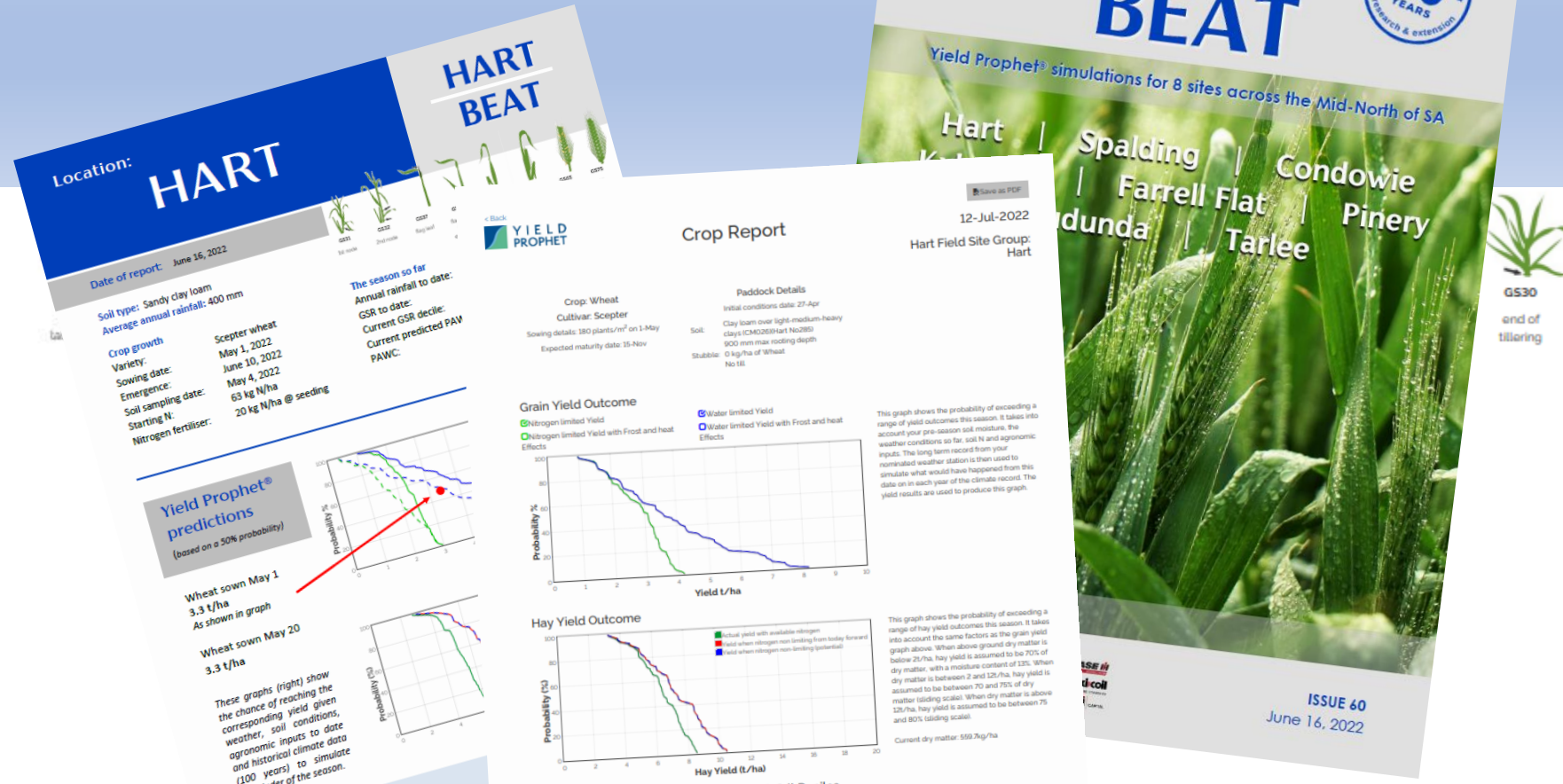


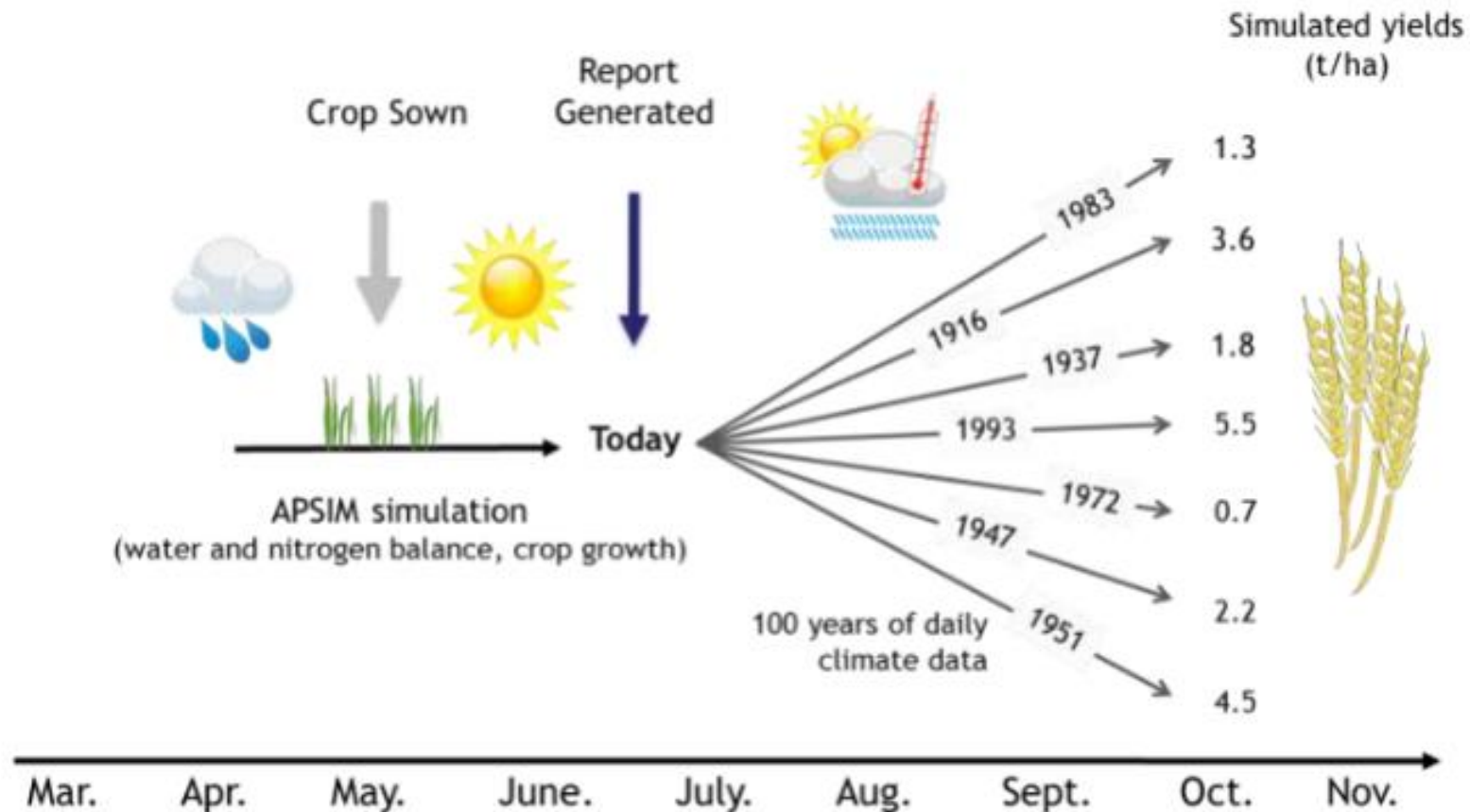
Using Yield Prophet[®] to manage in-crop nitrogen applications



Rebekah Allen
Hart Field-Site Group



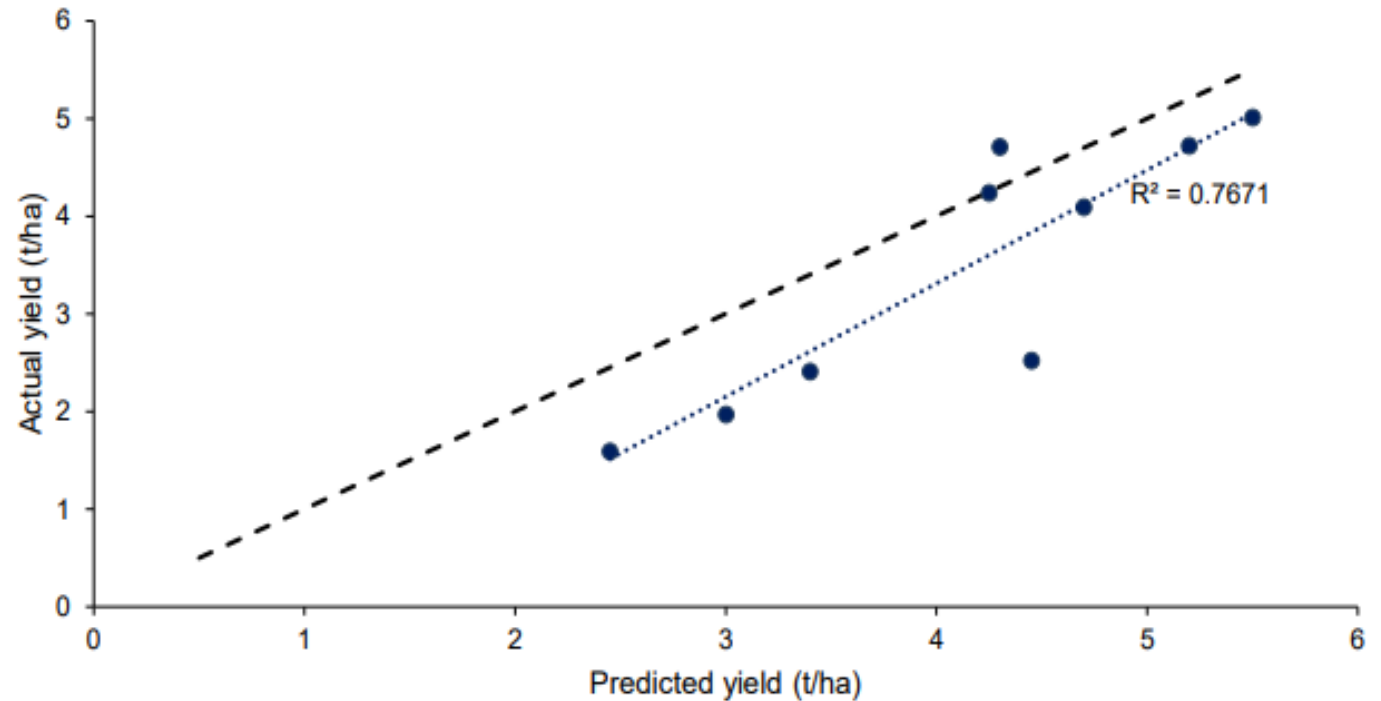
What is Yield Prophet[®]?



Why use Yield Prophet[®]?



- Valuable in its ability to predict wheat yield potential
- Relies on accurate information to calculate crop yield
 - Soil characterisation
 - Plant available water
 - Soil nitrogen levels
 - Historical climate data
 - Local rainfall information



Hart Beat

- Simulating yields for 8 Mid-North sites
- Providing information on
 - Wheat crop yield (May 1 & May 20)
 - Wheat hay yield (May 1)
 - Starting soil nitrogen
 - Plant available water (PAW)
 - Annual rainfall
 - GSR decile
 - French & Schultz predictions at 80% and 100% WUE



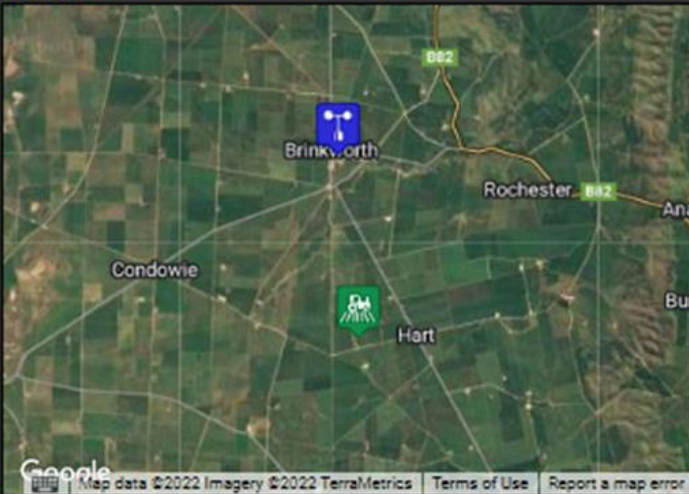
Interpreting Hart Beat Newsletters – *Site information and rainfall*



Location/Weather Setup

[Edit setup >](#)

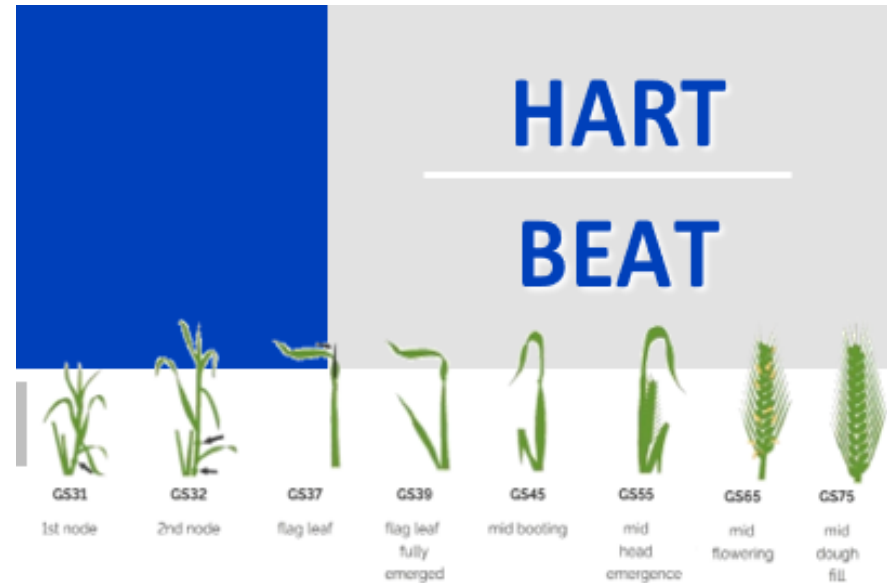
Location



Closest weather station
Brinkworth, South Australia

Rainfall source
Manual entry

Paddock specifics
40 ha, 0m long, 0% slope



The season so far

Annual rainfall to date: 145 mm

GSR to date: 102 mm

Current GSR decile: 3

Current predicted PAW: 50 mm (24% full)

PAWC: 206 mm

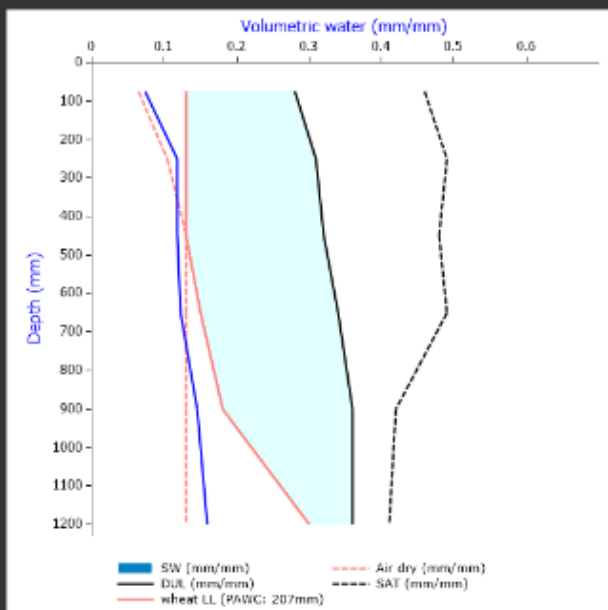
Interpreting Hart Beat Newsletters – *What soil data do we collect?*



Soil Setup

[Edit soil details >](#)

Selected soil characterisation
APSoil: Hart No285



Soil sample date
27-Apr

Starting soil water
0.0 mm

Soil sample data

Depth (cm)	Water (%)	NO3 (ppm or mg/kg)	NH4 (ppm or mg/kg)	EC (dS/m)	pH (CaCl2)	Cl (ppm or mg/kg)	ESP (%)	B (ppm or mg/kg)	Al (ppm or mg/kg)
0-15	5.5	Input to Equal ~60kg N/ha per paddock		0.3	9	44	2.24719	3.8	
15-35	9.2			0.2	8.5	39	2.41379	3.5	
35-55	9.2			0.2	9.2	71	10.9170	6.6	
55-75	9.7			0.4	9.8	39	21.9730	18.1	
75-105	10			0.5	9.8	33	32.4786	36.5	
105-135	10.7			0.8	10.3	359	36.6559	52.5	

Average water % = 8.7% to
rooting depth (90cm)

Interpreting Hart Beat Newsletters – *Seeding date simulation*



Yield Prophet®

predictions

(based on a 50% probability)

Wheat sown May 1

3.4 t/ha

(+0.1 t/ha since last report)

As shown in graph

Wheat sown May 20

3.4 t/ha

(+0.1 t/ha since last report)

Crop Setup

Setup the details of your current season's crop on this page.

☐ Tillage was applied to this paddock

Sowing date

01/May/2022



Emergence date

Automatic



Crop

Wheat



Cultivar

Scepter



Sowing density

180

plants/m²

Row spacing

250

mm



GS11

emergence



GS12

2nd leaf



GS13

3rd leaf
1st tiller



GS14

4th leaf
early tillering

Predicted

Earliest

10-Jun

20-Jun

28-Jun

9-Jul

Interpreting Hart Beat Newsletters – *Seeding date simulation*



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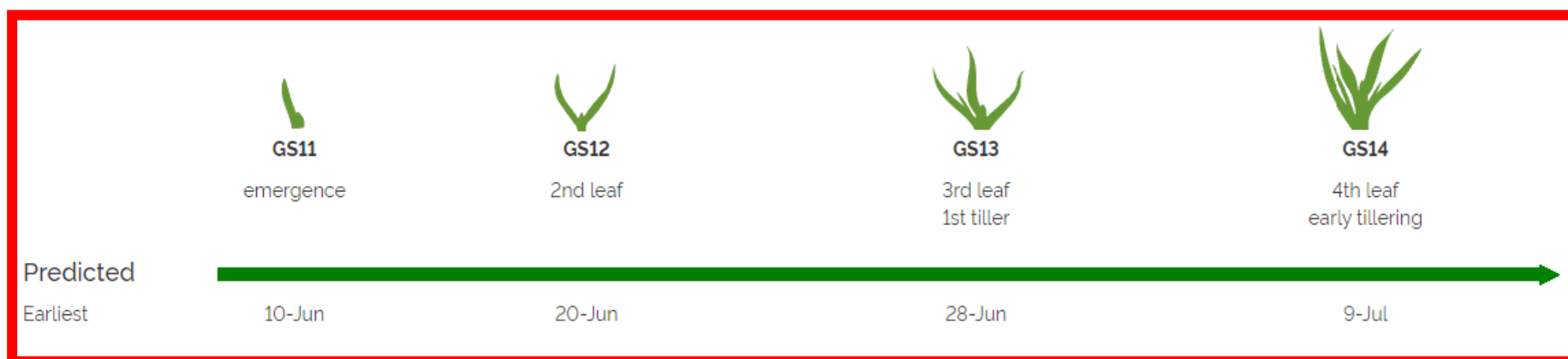
180

plants/m²

Row spacing

250

mm



Interpreting Hart Beat Newsletters – *Nitrogen application*



Yield Prophet Simulation for Nitrogen at Hart:

Starting N: 63 kg N/ha

Nitrogen fertiliser: 20 kg N/ha @ seeding
+ 40 kg N/ha on July 10
= 123 kg N/ha

National average for in-crop nitrogen
application each season

= 45 kg N / ha



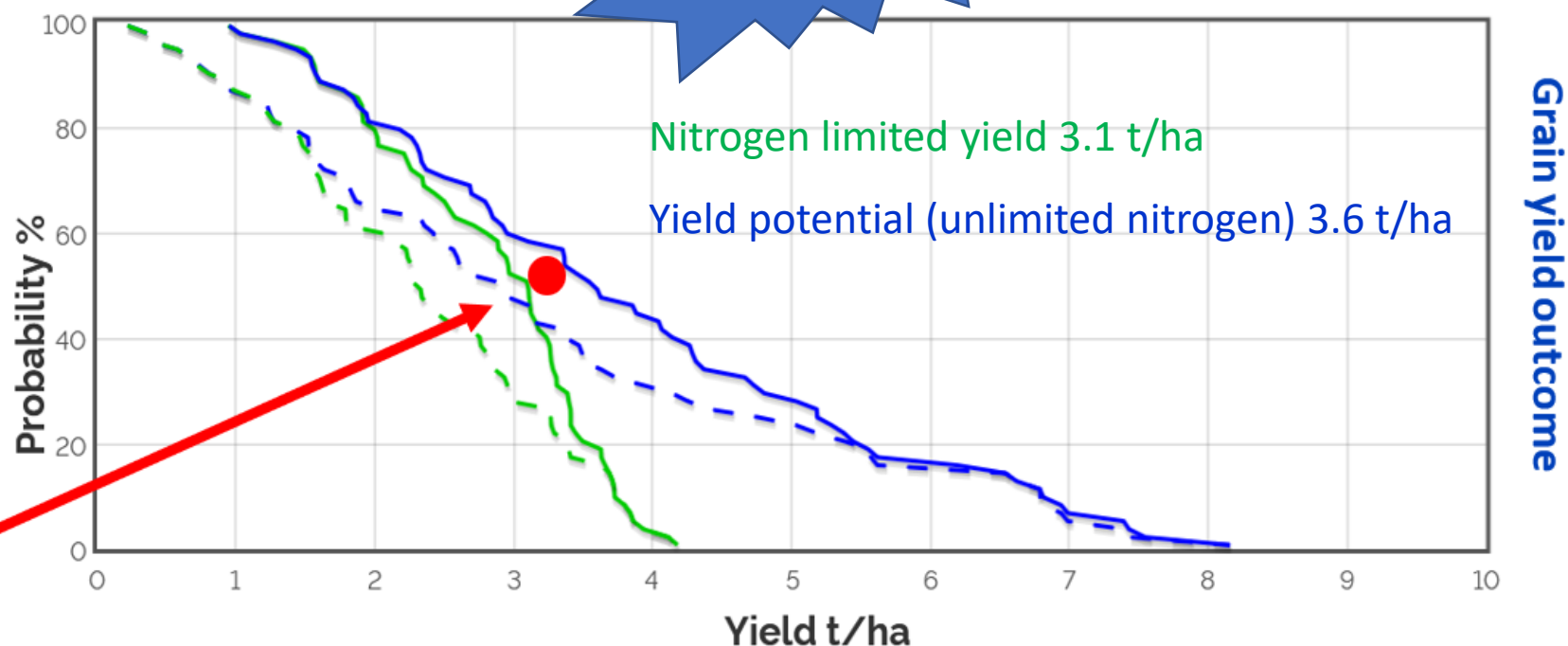
Interpreting Hart Beat Newsletters – *Wheat crop yield*

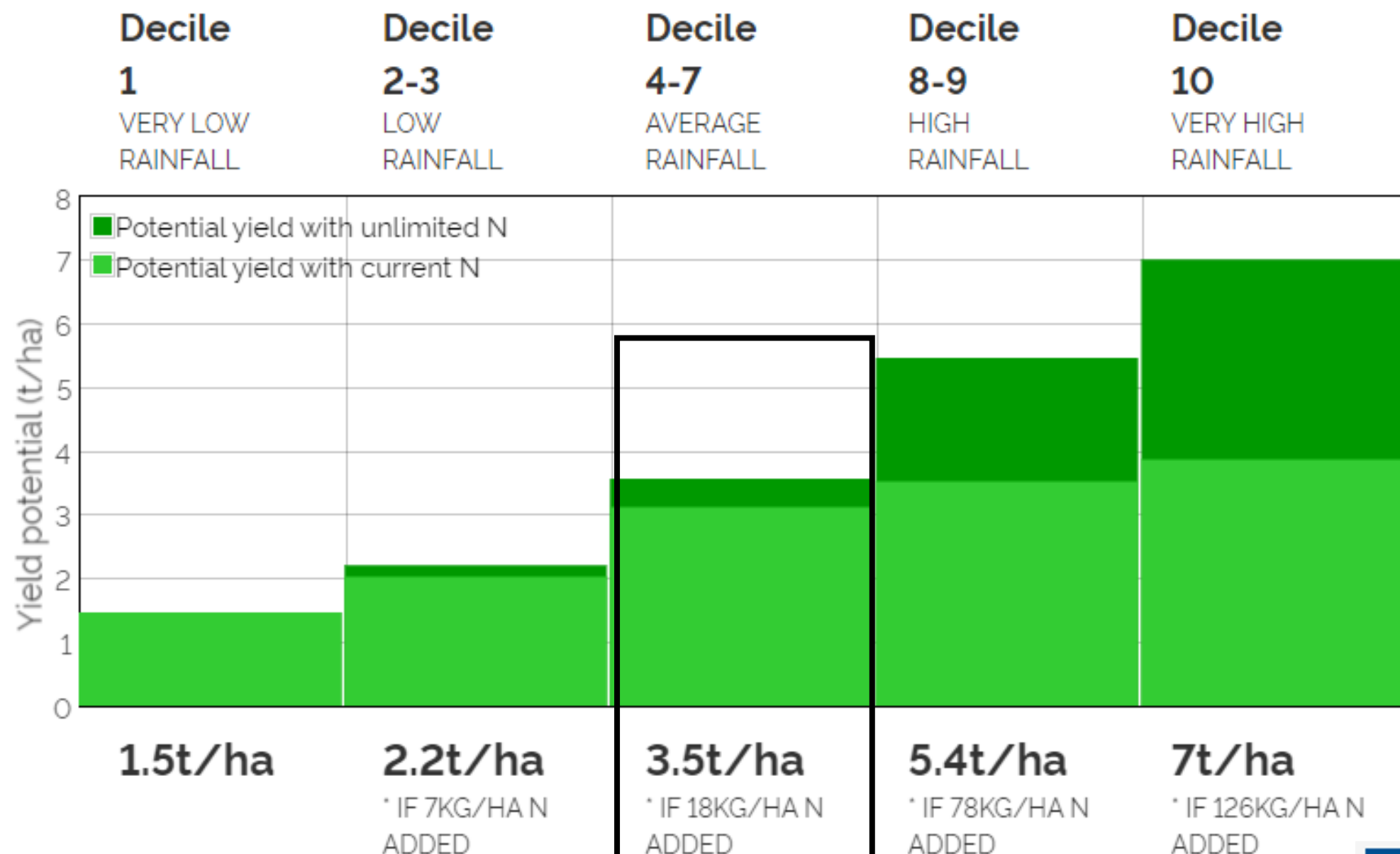


Yield Prophet[®] predictions

(*based on a 50% probability*)

Wheat sown May 1
3.4 t/ha
(+0.1 t/ha since last report)
As shown in graph







Yield Prophet Lite is a free tool that lets you estimate potential yield values for your crop given different rainfall amounts and fertiliser application rates. It also gives the rainfall likelihood for the remainder of the growing season. Start by choosing your crop. ?



Choose your nearest weather station

STATE

South Australia



STATION NAME

Brinkworth



OR [Select by clicking the map](#)



Water

STORED SOIL WATER
ON APR 1

14.4

mm

GROWING SEASON
RAINFALL TO-DATE

102

mm

A good rule of thumb for approximating stored soil water is one quarter of your summer rainfall.

If you don't know your GSR to-date, leave it blank and we'll get the data from your selected weather station.



Nitrogen

ESTIMATED SOIL N
ON APR 1

77

kgN/ha

N APPLIED
AT SOWING

20

kgN/ha

N APPLIED
AFTER SOWING

0

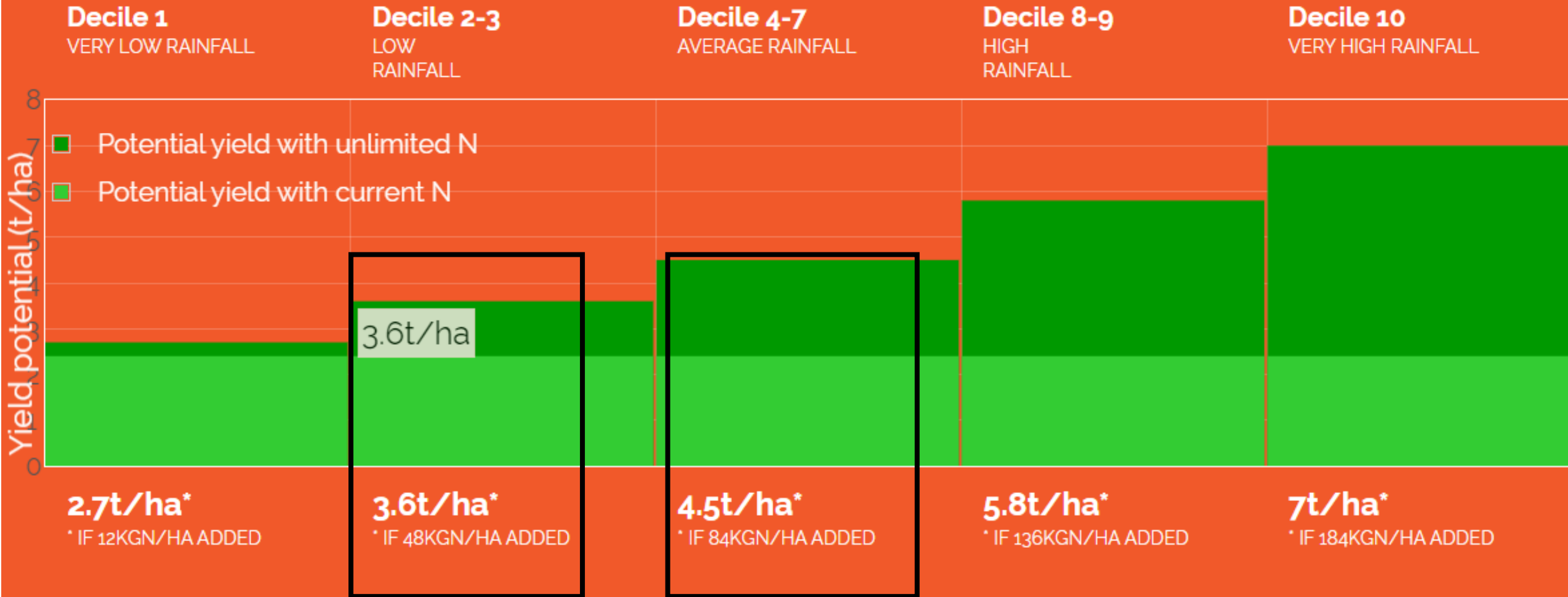
kgN/ha

Your estimated soil N should be in your soil test results.

Remember to list any N applications in kg of N and **not kg of fertiliser!**

Calculate

Yield Prophet[®] lite



Decile 1	Decile 2-3	Decile 4-7	Decile 8-9	Decile 10
10%	20%	40%	20%	10%

French & Schultz calculations



- French & Schultz Model (1984)

Yield potential (t/ha) = ((Stored Soil Water + Growing Season Rainfall) – Evaporation Coefficient (**110**)) * WUE (**20 kg mm/ha**)

- Sadras & Angus (2006) - Yield Prophet Lite

Yield potential (t/ha) = ((Stored Soil Water + Growing Season Rainfall) - Evaporation Coefficient (**60**)) * WUE (**22 kg mm/ha**). = **4.5 t/ha**

French & Schultz predictions

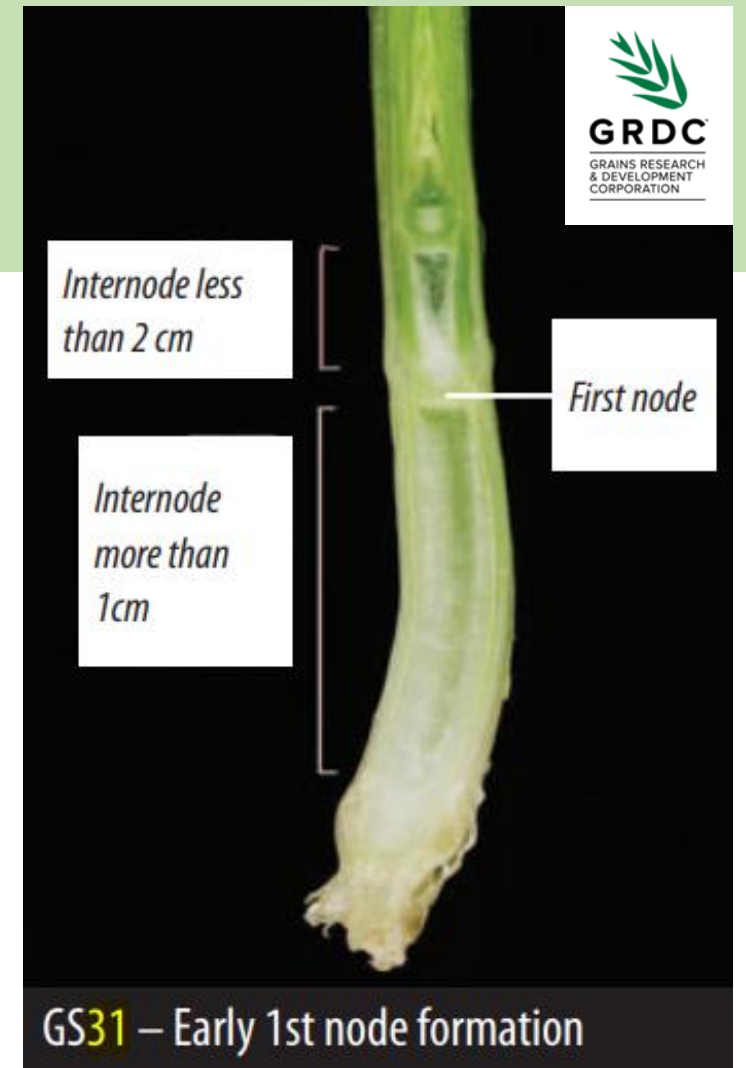
This model assumes that there is 15.3 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (151 mm) for the remainder of the growing season.

100% WUE	3.4 t/ha
80% WUE	2.7 t/ha

Nitrogen Rule of Thumb

When should you apply Nitrogen?

- There are two 'stages' –
 1. Uptake of N driving growth and yield potential
 2. Remobilisation of N to grain (influencing grain protein)
- **Apply before stem elongation (GS 30 – 31)**
 - 20 -30% of total N is taken up by stem elongation
 - Responses in some cases have led to higher yields when all N is applied at seeding.
 - Most reliable and effective strategy



Key messages



- Yield prophet[®] or yield prophet[®] lite are valuable tools to determine crop yield potential and assist in nitrogen management decisions
- Using accurate soil and water data to make informed nitrogen management decisions is key
- Considering seasonal forecasts is important and are generally most accurate in July / August
- It is best to apply at least 80% of all in-crop nitrogen prior to stem elongation (GS 31).

Useful Resources



Hart Website

- Hart Beat Newsletters
- 2021 Yield Prophet® performance review
- Article: Managing your fertiliser dollar in wheat and barley – a study across three seasons

Other

- Yield Prophet® Lite

<https://www.yieldprophet.com.au/yplite/>

- GRDC Updates 2022 (James Murray; BCG & James Hunt; UofMelb)

[Managing N fertiliser to profitably close yield gaps – GRDC](#)

- Nitrogen decisions (McDonald & Hooper, 2013)
- [Nitrogen decision - Guidelines and rules of thumb - GRDC](#)



Harts Next event in 2022



Improving
climate risky
decision
making

August 2, 2022 | 9am - 12pm

Blyth Town Hall, Blyth, SA

Explore NEW climate forecast products and
more importantly, how we can use them to make
better on-farm decisions

More info & to register

www.hartfieldsite.org.au



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