HART

BEAT



Yield Prophet® simulations for 8 sites across the Mid-North of SA Condowie Hart | Spalding Farrell Flat Pinery Kybunga | Eudunda | Tarlee





DEFINITIONS



HART BEAT definitions

All sites have been characterised for plant available water capacity (PAWC) and bulk density to determine how much of the measured water and nitrogen is available to the crop during the season.

Plant available water capacity (PAWC) – is the difference between the drained upper limit of the soil and the lower extraction limit of a crop over the depth of rooting. It is the maximum water available to a crop from a particular soil type.

Plant available water (PAW) – is the amount of water contained in the soil at a given time minus the crop lower limit.

Growing season rainfall (GSR) – is rainfall for the period between and including April to October.

Decile – is a measure of seasonal rainfall on a scale of 1 to 9. In a decile 7 year, 70% of previous years were dryer, in a decile 3 year 30% of previous years were dryer.

Yield probability curves display two different nitrogen scenarios. The green line displays the actual grain yield with the current soil available nitrogen. The blue line represents the grain yield potential with unlimited nitrogen (yield potential). A small difference between these two lines indicates the current soil N level is adequate for the crop to reach its yield potential. Conversely, a large difference between these two lines indicates additional N fertiliser is required for the crop to reach its yield potential. Dashed green and blue

lines show each scenario with seasonal frost and heat effects. The **red** dot indicates the location of the average yield reported on each graph.

Yield Prophet® is an internet-based service which uses the APSIM wheat prediction model.

The model relies on accurate soil, crop, historical climate data and up to date local weather information to predict plant growth rates and final hay or grain yields. These are critical measurements specific to the site being analysed and may not fit closely to individual situations. Instead, the predictions will give a realistic guide to seasonal prospects based on a site with similar rainfall and / or soil type.

Using climate data for the current season, Yield Prophet® simulates the soil water, nitrogen processes and crop growth in the paddock. Yield Prophet® calculates the amount of water and nitrogen available to the crop as well as the water and nitrogen demand of the crop.

The **French & Schultz** formula estimates the rainfall limited grain yield based on the growing season rainfall (GSR). It assumes evaporation of 110 mm, includes stored water at sowing (30% of Jan to Mar rainfall) and a maximum grain yield potential of 22 kg/mm/ha.

Yield Potential = GSR (Apr-Oct) – evaporation (110mm) * 22 kg/mm/ha (increased from 20 kg/mm/ha)

Disclaimer: Yield Prophet[®] information is used entirely at your own risk. You will accept all risks and responsibility for losses, damages, costs and other consequences of using Yield Prophet[®] information and reports. To the maximum extent permitted by law, APSRU and BCG excludes all responsibility and liability to any person arising directly or indirectly from using the information generated by Yield Prophet[®].

Important Notice: Yield Prophet® does not generate recommendations or advice, it is only a guide and must be combined with local paddock and district knowledge. APSIM does not take into account weed competition, pest/disease pressure, pesticide / herbicide damage, farmer error, or extreme events (such as extreme weather, flood and fire). Click on these links for more information about <u>APSIM</u> or <u>Yield Prophet</u>®.

HART

HART BEAT

Date of report: June 16, 2022

Soil type: Sandy clay loam

Average annual rainfall: 400 mm

Crop growth

Variety: Scepter wheat Sowing date: May 1, 2022 Emergence: June 10, 2022 May 4, 2022 Soil sampling date: Starting N: 63 kg N/ha

Nitrogen fertiliser: 20 kg N/ha @ seeding







emerged



mid booting





emergence

The season so far

Annual rainfall to date: 125 mm GSR to date: 82 mm

Current GSR decile: 5

Current predicted PAW: 59 mm (29% full)

PAWC: 206 mm

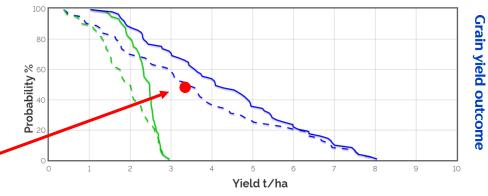
Yield Prophet® predictions

(based on a 50% probability)

Wheat sown May 1

3.3 t/ha

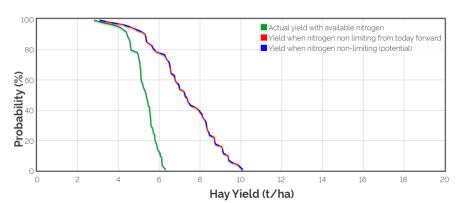
As shown in graph



Wheat sown May 20

3.3 t/ha

These graphs (right) show the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions, agronomic inputs to date and historical climate data (100 years) to simulate remainder of the season.



Hay yield outcome

French & Schultz predictions

This model assumes that there is 15.3 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (194 mm) for the remainder of the growing season.

100% WUE 80% WUE

4.0 t/ha 3.2 t/ha

SPALDING

HART BEAT

Date of report:

June 16, 2022

Soil type: Red brown earth

Average annual rainfall: 430 mm

Crop growth

Variety: Scepter wheat Sowing date: May 1, 2022 Emergence: May 13, 2022 Soil sampling date: April 27, 2022 Starting N: 67 kg N/ha

Nitrogen fertiliser: 20 kg N/ha @ seeding









emerged





emergence

dough

The season so far

Annual rainfall to date: 100 mm GSR to date: 81 mm

Current GSR decile: 5

Current predicted PAW: 94 mm (66% full)

PAWC: 143 mm

Yield Prophet® predictions

(based on a 50% probability)

Wheat sown May 1

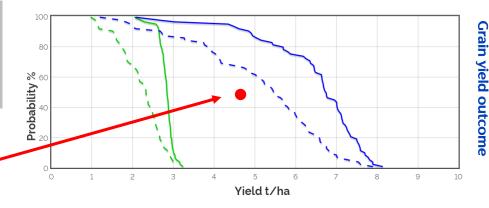
4.8 t/ha

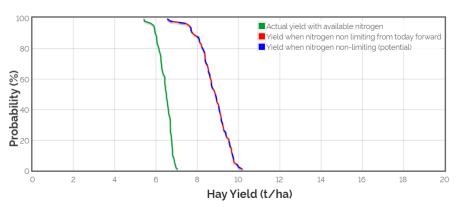
As shown in graph

Wheat sown May 20

4.4 t/ha

These graphs (right) show the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions, agronomic inputs to date and historical climate data (100 years) to simulate remainder of the season.





Hay yield outcome

French & Schultz predictions

This model assumes that there is 5.6 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (208 mm) for the remainder of the growing season.

100% WUE

4.1 t/ha

3.2 t/ha 80% WUE

CONDOWIE

HART BEAT

Date of report:

June 16, 2022

Soil type: Sandy loam

Average annual rainfall: 350 mm

Crop growth

Variety: Scepter wheat Sowing date: May 1, 2022 Emergence: June 10, 2022 Soil sampling date: April 27, 2022 Starting N: 67 kg N/ha

Nitrogen fertiliser: 20 kg N/ha @ seeding











emerged

mid booting emergence

dough

The season so far

Annual rainfall to date: 123 mm GSR to date: 72 mm

Current GSR decile: 5

Current predicted PAW: 28 mm (24% full)

PAWC: 115 mm

Yield Prophet® predictions

(based on a 50% probability)

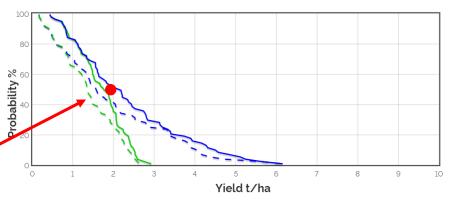
Wheat sown May 1 2.0 t/ha

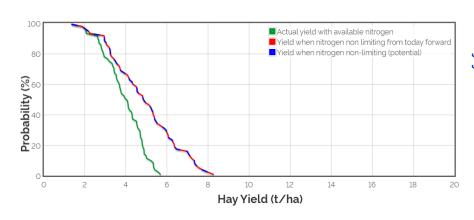
As shown in graph

Wheat sown May 20

2.0 t/ha

These graphs (right) show the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions, agronomic inputs to date and historical climate data (100 years) to simulate remainder of the season.





French & Schultz predictions

This model assumes that there is 15 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (158 mm) for the remainder of the growing season.

100% WUE 3.0 t/ha 80% WUE 2.4 t/ha

Grain yield outcome

Hay yield outcome

KYBUNGA

HART BEAT

Date of report:

June 16, 2022

Soil type: Clay loam

Average annual rainfall: 428 mm

Crop growth

Variety: Scepter wheat Sowing date: May 1, 2022 Emergence: May 16, 2022 Soil sampling date: April 27, 2022 Starting N: 66 kg N/ha

Nitrogen fertiliser: 20 kg N/ha @ seeding







emerged







dough

mid booting

emergence

The season so far

Annual rainfall to date: 151 mm GSR to date: 98 mm

Current GSR decile: 4

Current predicted PAW: 43 mm (16% full)

PAWC: 262 mm

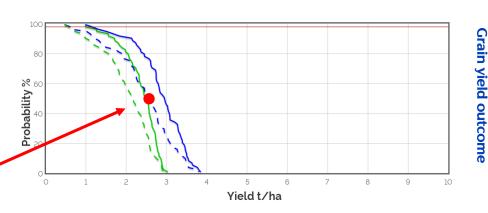
Yield Prophet® predictions

(based on a 50% probability)

Wheat sown May 1

2.7 t/ha

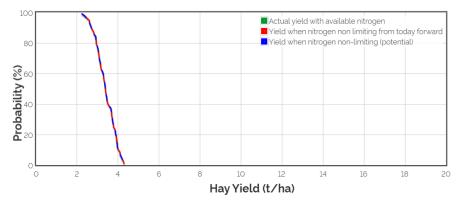
As shown in graph



Wheat sown May 20

3.2 t/ha

These graphs (right) show the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions, agronomic inputs to date and historical climate data (100 years) to simulate remainder of the season.



Hay yield outcome

French & Schultz predictions

This model assumes that there is 16 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (237 mm) for the remainder of the growing season.

100% WUE 80% WUE

5.3 t/ha 4.2 t/ha

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FARRELL FLAT

HART BEAT

Date of report: June 16, 2022

Soil type: Light clay loam

Average annual rainfall: 474 mm

Crop growth

Variety: Scepter wheat Sowing date: May 1, 2022 Emergence: June 13, 2022 Soil sampling date: April 27, 2022 Starting N: 65 kg N/ha

Nitrogen fertiliser: 20 kg N/ha @ seeding







emerged







emergence

dough

The season so far

Annual rainfall to date: 141 mm GSR to date: 81 mm

Current GSR decile: 4

Current predicted PAW: 31 mm (18% full)

PAWC: 172 mm

Yield Prophet® predictions

(based on a 50% probability)

Wheat sown May 1

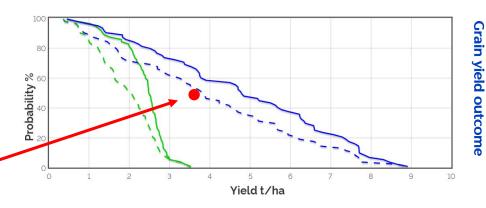
3.7 t/ha

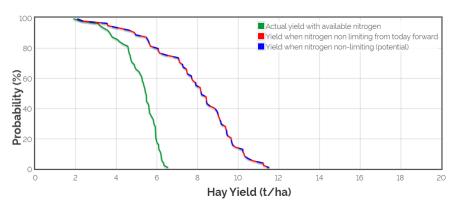
As shown in graph

Wheat sown May 20

3.7 t/ha

These graphs (right) show the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions, agronomic inputs to date and historical climate data (100 years) to simulate remainder of the season.





Hay yield outcome

French & Schultz predictions

This model assumes that there is 18 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (242 mm) for the remainder of the growing season.

100% WUE 5.1 t/ha 80% WUE 4.1 t/ha

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PINERY

HART BEAT

Date of report:

June 16, 2022

Soil type: Silty clay loam

Average annual rainfall: 374 mm

Crop growth

Variety: Scepter wheat Sowing date: May 1, 2022 Emergence: May 15, 2022 Soil sampling date: April 27, 2022 Starting N: 65 kg N/ha

Nitrogen fertiliser: 20 kg N/ha @ seeding













mid booting emerged

emergence

The season so far

Annual rainfall to date: 226 mm GSR to date: 132 mm

Current GSR decile: 9

Current predicted PAW: 74 mm (94% full)

PAWC: 79 mm

Yield Prophet® predictions

(based on a 50% probability)

Wheat sown May 1

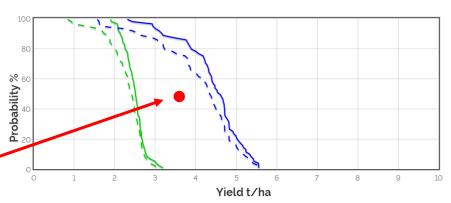
3.6 t/ha

As shown in graph

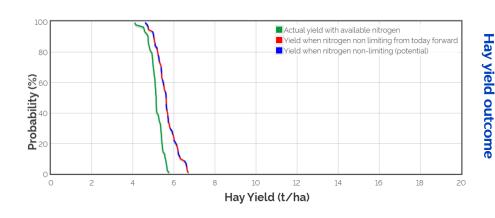
Wheat sown May 20

3.4 t/ha

These graphs (right) show the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions, agronomic inputs to date and historical climate data (100 years) to simulate remainder of the season.



Grain yield outcome



French & Schultz predictions

This model assumes that there is 28 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (196 mm) for the remainder of the growing season.

100% WUE 5.4 t/ha 80% WUE 4.3 t/ha

EUDUNDA

HART BEAT

Date of report: June 16, 2022

Soil type: Gravelly loam

Average annual rainfall: 445 mm

Crop growth

Variety: Scepter wheat Sowing date: May 1, 2022 Emergence: May 12, 2022 Soil sampling date: April 27, 2022 Starting N: 58 kg N/ha

Nitrogen fertiliser: 20 kg N/ha @ seeding







emerged



mid booting



emergence

dough

The season so far

Annual rainfall to date: 194 mm GSR to date: 114 mm

Current GSR decile: 8

Current predicted PAW: 54 mm (56% full)

PAWC: 96 mm

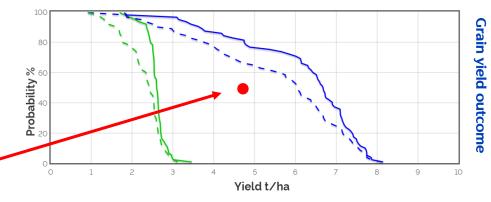
Yield Prophet® predictions

(based on a 50% probability)

Wheat sown May 1

4.7 t/ha

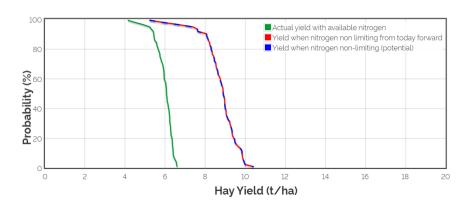
As shown in graph



Wheat sown May 20

4.7 t/ha

These graphs (right) show the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions, agronomic inputs to date and historical climate data (100 years) to simulate remainder of the season.



French & Schultz predictions

This model assumes that there is 24 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (228 mm) for the remainder of the growing season.

100% WUE 5.6 t/ha 80% WUE 4.5 t/ha Hay yield outcome

TARLEE

HART BEAT

Date of report: June 16, 2022

Soil type: Sandy loam

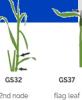
Average annual rainfall: 474 mm

Crop growth

Variety: Scepter wheat Sowing date: May 1, 2022 Emergence: May 12, 2022 Soil sampling date: April 27, 2022 Starting N: 60 kg N/ha

Nitrogen fertiliser: 20 kg N/ha @ seeding













mid booting emerged

emergence

dough

The season so far

Annual rainfall to date: 181 mm GSR to date: 124 mm

Current GSR decile: 7

Current predicted PAW: 111 mm (98% full)

PAWC: 113 mm

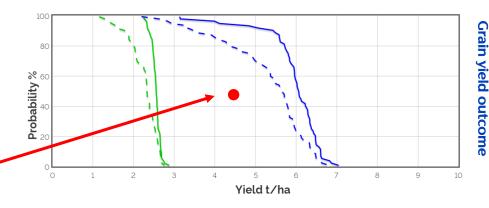
Yield Prophet® predictions

(based on a 50% probability)

Wheat sown May 1

4.4 t/ha

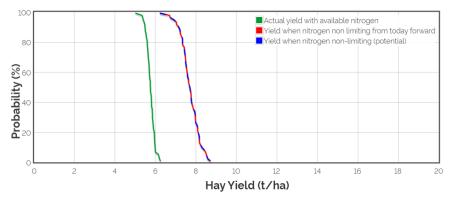
As shown in graph



Wheat sown May 20

4.3 t/ha

These graphs (right) show the chance of reaching the corresponding yield given weather, soil conditions, agronomic inputs to date and historical climate data (100 years) to simulate remainder of the season.



Hay yield outcome

French & Schultz predictions

This model assumes that there is 17 mm stored moisture, 110 mm of evaporation and Decile 5 rainfall (242 mm) for the remainder of the growing season.

100% WUE 6.0 t/ha 80% WUE 4.5 t/ha

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More from Hart





July 19, 2022

9am - 12pm





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SAVE THE DATE!

Full program details will be released soon.

Contact us

Research & Extension Manager Executive Officer Chairman Rebekah Allen Sandy Kimber Andre Sabeeney rebekah@hartfieldsite.org.au admin@hartfieldsite.org.au chairperson@hartfieldsite.org.au









